

FILED
U.S. DISTRICT COURT
EASTERN DISTRICT ARKANSAS

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
EASTERN DISTRICT OF ARKANSAS
LITTLE ROCK DIVISION

AUG 21 2018

JAMES W. McCORMACK, CLERK
By:  DEP CLERK

CHRIS JENSEN,
an individual

Plaintiff,

CASE NO: 4:18-cv-564-JM

vs.

GREGORY PLACE SHOPPING CENTER, LLC

Defendant.

This case assigned to District Judge Moody
and to Magistrate Judge Kalpe

COMPLAINT

Plaintiff, Chris Jensen (“Plaintiff”) by and through the undersigned counsel, hereby files this Complaint and sues GREGORY PLACE SHOPPING CENTER, LLC, for injunctive relief, attorney’s fees and costs pursuant to 42 U.S.C. §12181 *et seq.*, (“Americans with Disabilities Act” or “ADA”) and alleges:

JURISDICTION AND PARTIES

1. This is an action for declaratory and injunctive relief pursuant to Title III of the Americans with Disabilities Act, 42 U.S.C. §12181 *et seq.*, (hereinafter referred to as the “ADA”). This Court is vested with original jurisdiction under 28 U.S.C. Sections 1331 and 1343.

2. Venue is proper in this Court, the Eastern District of Arkansas pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §1391 (B) and Local Rules of the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Arkansas.

3. Plaintiff, Chris Jensen (hereinafter referred to as “Jensen”) is a resident of the State of Arkansas and is a qualified individual with a disability under the ADA. Jensen suffers from what constitutes a “qualified disability” under the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990, (“ADA”) and all other applicable Federal statutes and regulations to the extent that he has a T10

spinal cord injury, requires a wheelchair for mobility. Prior to instituting the instant action, Jensen visited the Defendant's premises at issue in this matter, and was denied full, safe and equal access to the subject property due to its lack of compliance with the ADA and the architectural barriers to access listed in Paragraph 11 of this Complaint, which Plaintiff personally encountered. Jensen continues to desire and intends to visit the Defendant's premises but continues to be denied full, safe and equal access due to the barriers to access that continue to exist.

4. The Defendant GREGORY PLACE SHOPPING CENTER, LLC, is a limited liability company and is conducting business in the State of Arkansas. Upon information and belief, GREGORY PLACE SHOPPING CENTER, LLC, (hereinafter referred to as "GPSC") is the owner, lessee and/or operator of the real property and improvements which are the subject of this action, specifically the Original Fried Pie Shop located at 1321 T.P. White Drive, Jacksonville, Arkansas (hereinafter referred to as the "Store").

5. All events giving rise to this lawsuit occurred in the Eastern District of Arkansas.

COUNT I - VIOLATION OF THE ADA

6. On or about July 26, 1990, Congress enacted the Americans with Disabilities Act ("ADA"), 42 U.S.C. §12181 *et seq.* Commercial enterprises were provided one and a half years from enactment of the statute to implement its requirements. The effective date of Title III of the ADA was January 26, 1992. 42 U.S.C. §12181; 20 C.F.R. §36.508 (A).

7. Pursuant to 42 U.S.C. §12101(7) and 28 C.F.R. §36.104, the Store owned and/or operated by GPSC is a place of public accommodation in that they are retail Store that is owned and operated by a private entity that provides goods and services to the public.

8. Defendant has discriminated, and continues to discriminate against the Plaintiff, and

others who are similarly situated, by denying access to, and full, safe and equal enjoyment of goods, services, facilities, privileges, advantages and/or accommodations at the Store in derogation of 42 U.S.C §12101 *et seq.*

9. The Plaintiff has been unable to and continues to be unable to enjoy access to, and the benefits of the services offered at the Store owned and/or operated by GPSC. Prior to the filing of this lawsuit, Plaintiff visited the Store at issue in this lawsuit and was denied access to the benefits, accommodations and services of the Defendant's premises and therefore suffered an injury in fact. In addition, Plaintiff continues to desire and intends to visit the Store, but continues to be injured in that he is unable to and continues to be discriminated against due to the barriers to access that remain at the Store in violation of the ADA. Plaintiff has now and continues to have reasonable grounds for believing that he has been and will be discriminated against because of the Defendant's continuing deliberate and knowing violations of the ADA.

10. Pursuant to the mandates of 42 U.S.C. §12134(a), on July 26, 1991, the Department of Justice, Office of the Attorney General, promulgated Federal Regulations to implement the requirements of the ADA which are codified at 28 C.F.R. Part 36.

11. GPSC is in violation of 42 U.S.C. §12181 *et seq.* and 28 C.F.R. §36.302 *et seq.* and is discriminating against the Plaintiff as a result of *inter alia*, the following specific violations:

- (i) There is no wheelchair accessible parking provided;
- (ii) The right-side entry has no access due to a curb that is not ramped;
- (iii) The left side entry has a curb ramp that is too steep and does not allow access to the entry door;
- (iv) The threshold at the doorway from the dining area to the restroom corridor is too high for a wheelchair user and is not properly beveled;
- (v) The men's toilet room entry door has knob hardware that requires tight grasping, pinching and twisting of the wrist to operate;

- (vi) There is insufficient floor space on the pull side of the men's toilet room door for a wheelchair user to exit;
- (vii) There is no accessible signage designating the men's toilet room;
- (viii) In the men's toilet room, the lavatory pipes are not insulated;
- (ix) The mirror is mounted too high for a wheelchair user in the men's toilet room;
- (x) The water closet is positioned too close to the side wall in the men's toilet room;
- (xi) There is no rear grab bar at the water closet in the men's toilet room.

12. There may be other current barriers to access and violations of the ADA at the Store owned and operated by GPSC which were not specifically identified herein as the Plaintiff is not required to engage in a futile gesture pursuant to 28 C.F.R. §36.501 and, as such, only once a full inspection is performed by Plaintiff or Plaintiff's representatives can all said violations be identified.

13. To date, the barriers to access and other violations of the ADA still exist and have not been remedied or altered in such a way as to effectuate compliance with the provisions of the ADA.

14. Pursuant to the ADA, 42 U.S.C. §12101 *et seq.* and 28 C.F.R. §36.304, Defendant was required to make its Store, a place of public accommodation, accessible to persons with disabilities by January 28, 1992. To date, Defendant has failed to comply with this mandate.

15. Plaintiff has been obligated to retain undersigned counsel for the filing and prosecution of this action. Plaintiff is entitled to have her reasonable attorney's fees, costs and expenses paid by Defendant pursuant to 42 U.S.C. §12205.

16. Pursuant to 42 U.S.C. §12188, this Court is vested with the authority to grant Plaintiff injunctive relief, including an Order to alter the subject facilities to make them readily accessible to, and useable by, individuals with disabilities to the extent required by the ADA, and closing the subject facilities until the requisite modifications are completed.

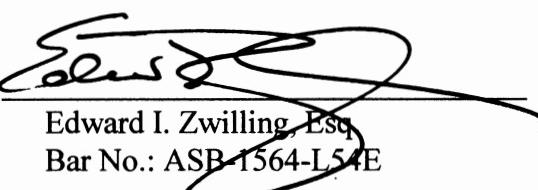
WHEREFORE, the Plaintiff demands judgment against GPSC and requests the following injunctive and declaratory relief:

- A. That the Court declares that the property owned and administered by Defendant is violative of the ADA;
- B. That the Court enter an Order directing Defendant to alter its facilities to make them accessible to and useable by individuals with disabilities to the full extent required by Title III of the ADA;
- C. That the Court enter an Order directing Defendant to evaluate and neutralize its policies and procedures towards persons with disabilities for such reasonable time so as to allow them to undertake and complete corrective procedures;
- D. That the Court award reasonable attorney's fees, costs (including expert fees) and other expenses of suit, to the Plaintiff; and
- E. That the Court awards such other and further relief as it deems necessary, just and proper.

Dated this 17 day of August, 2018.

Respectfully submitted,

By:


Edward I. Zwilling, Esq.
Bar No.: ASB-1564-L54E

OF COUNSEL:

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